1. State the General Subject

These titles announce the general topic of your academic paper and include phrases, mostly comprised of nouns, that clearly communicate the overall subject. An example is: "Epidemiology of cardiovascular disease in the elderly.

2. State the Subtopic

Propose, named, composed of nouns that clearly state the overall topic, followed by an action or another non-alphabetic character and the subtopic. This structure is highly common. An example is: "Identification and prevention of diabetes in pre-menopausal women.

3. State Findings and Conclusions

These titles specify the main conclusion of your paper and usually include a full sentence that highlights key findings with study significance. An alternative format includes the overarching idea followed by a colon and a general description of the findings and its topic. An example is: "The effectiveness of a new drug in treating diabetes: a randomized controlled trial.

4. State the Methodology

This method titles the methodology used to gather your findings. Alternately states the general topic, followed by a colon and a summary of the methodology used in the presentation (e.g., "A randomized controlled trial was conducted to evaluate the efficacy of a new drug in treating diabetes.

5. Use Emotional Appeal or Wordplay

These titles incorporate emotional appeal to engage readers, knowing that a strong emotional appeal can be more effective than a straightforward, grounded title. An example is: "A groundbreaking study reveals the unexpected impact of a novel drug on diabetes management in children.

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